

Data Sheet

Pressure switch and thermostat Type **KPS**

Suitable for use in monitoring alarm and control systems in factories, diesel plants, compressors, power stations and on board ships.



The KPS Series consists of a series of pressure and temperature controlled switches. In this series, special attention has been given to meeting demands for a high level of enclosure, robust and compact construction, and resistance to shock and vibration.

For KPS pressure switches the position of the contacts depends on the pressure in the inlet connection and the set scale value.

For KPS thermostats the position of the contacts depends on the temperature of the sensor and the set scale value.

The series covers most outdoor as well as indoor application requirements and is suitable for use in monitoring alarm and control systems in factories, diesel plants, compressors, power stations and on board ships.

AI227086438792en-001102



Features

- A high level of enclosure
- Adjustable differential
- Robust and compact construction
- Resistance to shock and vibration
- Available with all major marine approvals



Portfolio overview

Figure 1: Overview

1. Standard pressure switches

[bar]								Range P _e [bar]	Type	Further information page
-1	0	10	20	30	40	50	60			
								0 – 2.5	KPS 31	3
								0 – 3.5	KPS 33	3
								0 – 8	KPS 35	3
								6 – 18	KPS 37	3
								10 – 35	KPS 39	3

2. Pressure switches for high pressure and strongly pulsating media

[bar]								Range P _e [bar]	Type	Further information page
-1	0	10	20	30	40	50	60			
								1 – 10	KPS 43	3
								4 – 40	KPS 45	3
								6 – 60	KPS 47	3

3. Thermostats

[°C]							Range P _e [°C]	Type	Further information page
-50	0	50	100	150	200	200			
							-10 – 30	KPS 76	11
							20 – 60	KPS 77	11
							50 – 100	KPS 79	11
							70 – 120	KPS 80	11
							60 – 150	KPS 81	11
							100 – 200	KPS 83	11



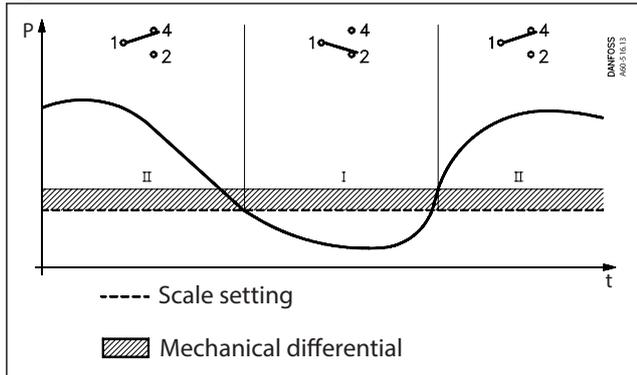
Functions

Pressure switch

1. KPS 31

Contacts 1-2 make and contacts 1-4 break when the pressure falls under the set range value. The contacts changeover to their initial position when the pressure again rises to the set range value plus the differential

Figure 2: KPS 31

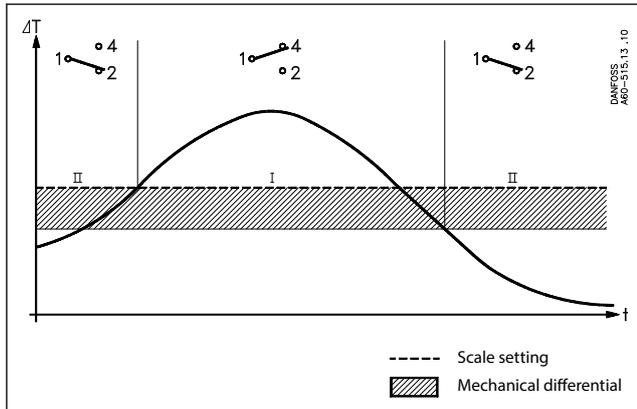


- I Alarm for falling pressure given at the set range value
- II Alarm for rising pressure given at the set range value plus the differential.

2. All other KPS pressure switches

Contacts 1-4 make and contacts 1-2 break when the pressure rises above the set range value. The contacts changeover to their initial position when the pressure again falls to the range value minus the differential

Figure 3: KPS pressure SWITCHES



- I Alarm for rising pressure given at the set range value
- II Alarm for falling pressure given at the set range value minus the differential

KPS 45

Example 1

An alarm must be given when the lubricating oil pressure in an engine falls below 0.8 bar. The alarm is in the form of a lamp. Choose a KPS 31 (range 0 – 2.5 bar). The minimum permissible lubricating oil pressure of 0.8 bar must be set on the range spindle. The differential is fixed at 0.1 bar, i.e. the alarm will not cut out before the pressure rises to 0.9 bar. The lamp must be connected to terminals 1 and 2 in the pressure switch.

Example 2

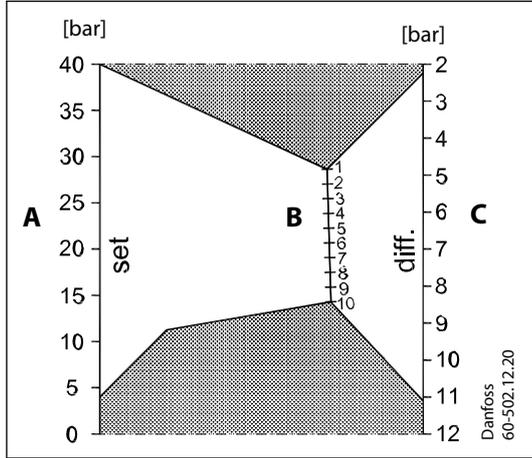
An alarm must be given by a bell when the pressure in a boiler rises to 10 bar. The normal operating pressure is 9 bar. Choose a KPS 37 (range 6 – 18 bar). The range value of the pressure switch must be set at 10 bar, the differential at 1 bar. The bell must be connected to terminals 1 and 4.



Example 3

The pressure in a start air reservoir must be regulated with a compressor controlled by a KPS pressure switch so that it lies between 30 and 36 bar. Choose a KPS 45 (range 4 – 40 bar). The range value must be set at 36 bar. The differential of 6 bar must be set in accordance with the nomogram, , at approx. 2 on the differential scale. The required start function is obtained by connection to terminals 1 and 2 in the pressure switch.

Figure 4: KPS 45



Thermostat

Selection of differential

To ensure that the plant functions properly, a suitable differential is necessary. Too small a differential will give rise to short running periods with a risk of hunting. Too high a differential will result in large temperature variations.

Differentials

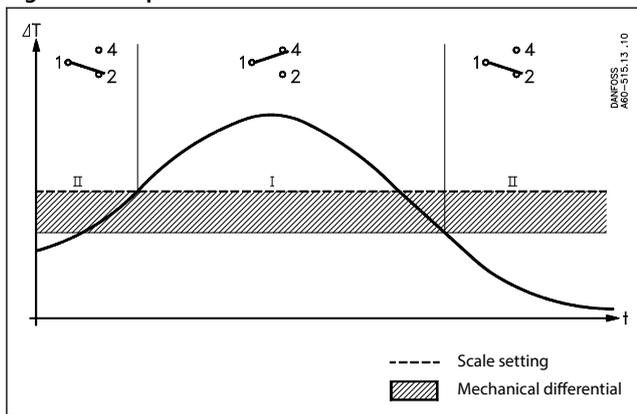
The mechanical differential is the differential that is set by the differential spindle in the temperature control. The thermal differential (operating differential) is the differential the system operates on. The thermal differential is always greater than the mechanical differential and depends on three factors:

1. the flow velocity of the medium,
2. the temperature change rate of the medium,
3. the heat transmission to the sensor.

Thermostat function

Contacts 1–4 make while contacts 1–2 break when the temperature rises above the scale setting. The contacts changeover to their initial position when the temperature falls to the scale setting minus the differential.

Figure 5: KPS pressure switches



- I Alarm for rising pressure given at the set range value
- II Alarm for falling pressure given at the set range value minus the differential



Product specification

Pressure switch

Technical data

Table 1: Pressure switches

Type	Setting range P _e [bar]	Adjustable/ fixed differential [bar]	Permissible operating pressure P _e [bar]	Max. test pressure [bar]	Pressure connection	Code no.
KPS 31	0 – 2.5	0.1	6	6	G 1/4	060-311066
KPS 31	0 – 2.5	0.1	6	6	G 3/8 A	060-310966
KPS 33	0 – 3.5	0.2	10	10	G 1/4	060-310466
KPS 33	0 – 3.5	0.2	10	10	G 3/8 A	060-310366
KPS 35	0 – 8	0.4 – 1.5	12	12	G 1/4	060-310566
KPS 35	0 – 8	0.4 – 1.5	12	12	G 3/8 A	060-310066
KPS 35	0 – 8	0.4	12	12	G 1/4	060-310866
KPS 37	6 – 18	0.85 – 2.5	22	27	G 1/4	060-310666
KPS 37	6 – 18	0.85 – 2.5	22	27	G 3/8 A	060-310166
KPS 39	10 – 35	2.0 – 6	45	53	G 1/4	060-310766
KPS 39	10 – 35	2.0 – 6	45	53	G 3/8 A	060-310266

Figure 6: KPS 31, KPS 33



Figure 7: KPS 35, 37, 39



Table 2: Pressure switches for high pressure and strongly pulsating media

Type	Setting range P _e [bar]	Adjustable diff. [bar] see Figure 9: KPS 43, Figure 10: KPS 45 & Figure 11: KPS 47	Permissible overpressure [bar]	Max. test pressure [bar]	Min. burst pressure [bar]	Pressure connection	Code no.
KPS 43	1 – 10	0.7 – 2.8	120	180	240	G 1/4	060-312066
KPS 45	4 – 40	2.2 – 11	120	180	240	G 1/4	060-312166
KPS 47	6 – 60	3.5 – 17	120	180	240	G 1/4	060-312266

Figure 8: KPS 43, KPS 45 & 47



NOTE:

When ordering, please state type and code number



Pressure switch and thermostat, type KPS

Table 3: Technical data

Switch	Single pole changeover (SPDT)	Contact material: Gold-plated silver contact	
Contact load (when Au surface is burnt away)	Alternating current	Ohmic	10 A, 440 V, AC-1
		Inductive	6 A, 440 V, AC-3
			4 A, 440 V, AC-15
		Starting current	max. 50 A (locked rotor)
	Direct current	12 W, 220 V, DC-13, see curve Figure 12: Direct current (DC) -load	
Ambient temperature	KPS 31 – 39	-40 – 70 °C	
	KPS 43 – 47	-25 – 70 °C	
Temperature of medium ⁽¹⁾	KPS 31 – 39	-40 – 100 °C	
	KPS 43 – 47	-25 – 100 °C	
Vibration resistance	Vibration-stable in the range 2 – 30 Hz, amplitude 1.1 mm og 30 – 300 Hz, 4 g.		
Enclosure	IP67 (including IPX6) according to EN 60529. The pressure switch housing is enamelled pressure die cast aluminium (GD-ALSi 12). The cover is fastened by four screws which are anchored to prevent loss. The enclosure can be sealed with wire.		
Cable entry	Pg 13.5 for cable diameters from 5 – 14 mm.		
Identification	The type designation and code no. of the unit is stamped in the side of the housing.		

⁽¹⁾ For water and seawater, max. 80 °C.

Table 4: Types

Types	Scale accuracy [bar]	Mean value of snap point variation after 400 000 operations [bar]
KPS 31	±0.2	±0.1
KPS 33	±0.3	±0.2
KPS 35	±0.5	±0.3
KPS 37	±1.0	±0.4
KPS 39	±3.0	±0.7
KPS 43	±1.0	±0.2
KPS 45	±4.0	±1.0
KPS 47	±6.0	±1.5

Table 5: Materials in contact with the medium

Type	Materials	
KPS 31, KPS 33	Bellows capsule	Deep-drawn plate, material no. 1.0524 (DIN 1624)
	Bellows	Stainless steel, material no. 1.4306 (DIN 17440)
	Pressure connection	Steel C20, material no. 1.0420 (DIN 1652)
KPS 35, KPS 37, KPS 39	Bellows	Stainless steel, material no. 1.4306 (DIN 17440)
	Pressure connection	Brass, W. no. 2.0401 (DIN 17660)
KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47	Diaphragm capsule	Nickel-plated brass, DIN 50 968 Cu/Ni 5 (DIN 1756)
	Diaphragm	Nitrile-Butadien rubber

Figure 9: KPS 43

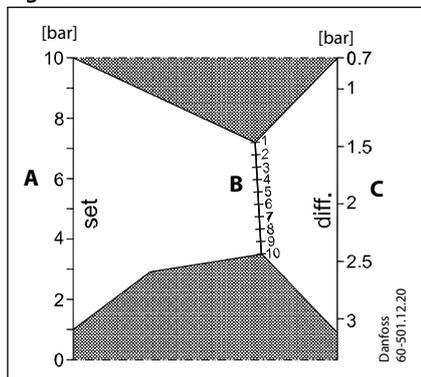


Figure 10: KPS 45

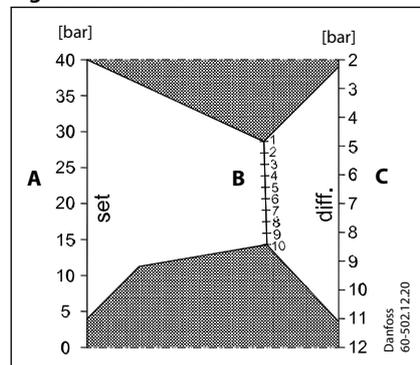
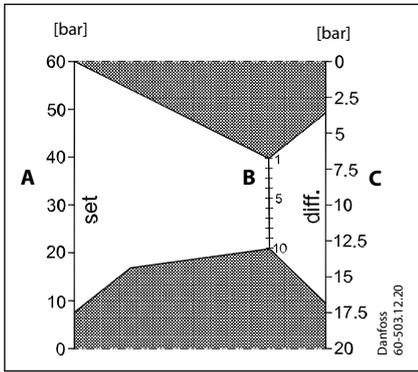
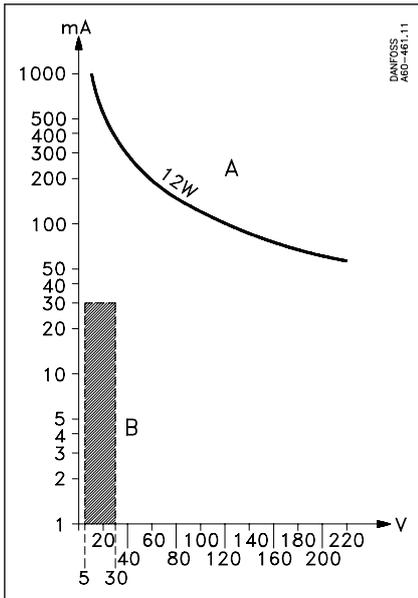


Figure 11: KPS 47



- A** Range setting
- B** Differential scale
- C** Obtained differential

Figure 12: Direct current (DC) -load



- Curve A** gives the maximum load
- Hatched area B** Acceptable load for the gold plating of the contact

Terminology

Range setting

The pressure range within which the unit will give a signal (contact changeover).

Differential

The difference between make pressure and break pressure

Permissible overpressure

The highest permanent or recurring pressure the unit can be loaded with.

Max. test pressure

The highest pressure the unit may be subjected to when, for example, testing the system for leakage. Therefore, this pressure must not occur as a recurring system pressure.

Min. bursting pressure

The pressure which the pressure-sensitive element will withstand without leaking.



Installation

Figure 13: KPS

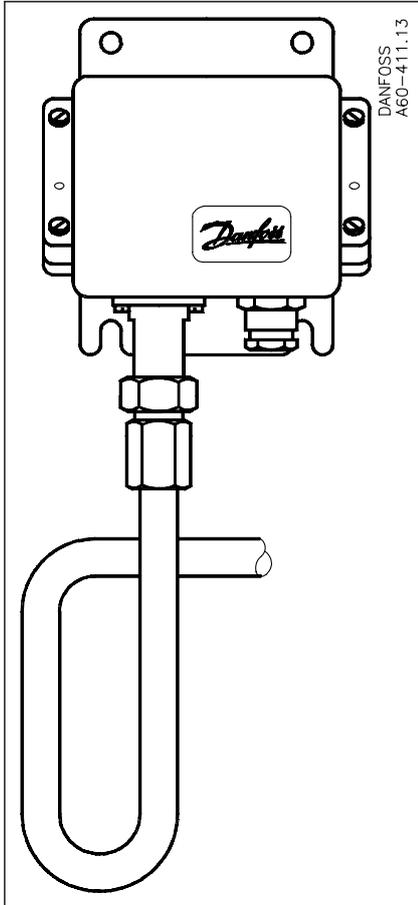
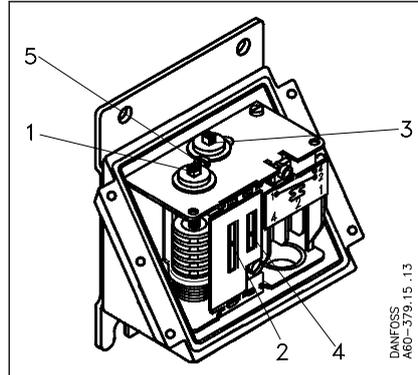


Figure 14: KPS



- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1 | Range spindle |
| 2 | Range scale |
| 3 | Differential spindle |
| 4 | Differential scale |
| 5 | Locking screw |

Installation

KPS pressure switches are fitted with a 3 mm steel mounting plate. The units should not be allowed to hang from the pressure connection.

Pressure connection

When fitting or removing pressure lines, the spanner flats on the pressure connection should be used to apply counter-torque.

Steam plant

To protect the pressure element from excessive heat, the insertion of a water-filled loop is recommended. The loop can, for example, be made of 10 mm copper tube.

Water systems

Water in the pressure element is not harmful, but if frost is likely to occur a water-filled pressure element may burst. To prevent this happening, the pressure control can be allowed to operate on an air cushion.

Media-resistance

See [Table 5: Materials in contact with the medium](#). If seawater is involved, types KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47 are recommended.

Pulsations

If the pressure medium is superimposed with severe pulsations, which occur in automatic sprinkler systems (fire protection), fuel systems for diesel motors (priming lines), and hydraulic systems (e.g. propeller systems), etc., types KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47 are recommended. The maximum permissible pulsation level for these types is 120 bar.

Setting

When the pressure switch cover is removed, and the locking screw (5) is loosened, the range can be set with the spindle (1) while at the same time the scale (2) is being read. In units having an adjustable differential, the spindle (3)



Pressure switch and thermostat, type KPS

must be used to make the adjustment. The differential obtained can be read direct on the scale (4) or, with types KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47, can be determined by reading the scale value and using the nomograms in figs. The working line for determining the differential must not intersect the shaded areas in the nomograms.

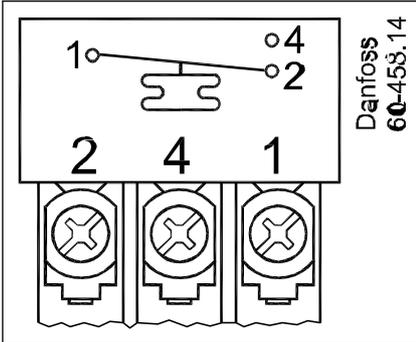
Selection of differential

To ensure that the plant functions properly, a suitable differential pressure is necessary. Too small a differential will give rise to short running periods with a risk of hunting. Too high a differential will result in large pressure oscillations.

Electrical connection

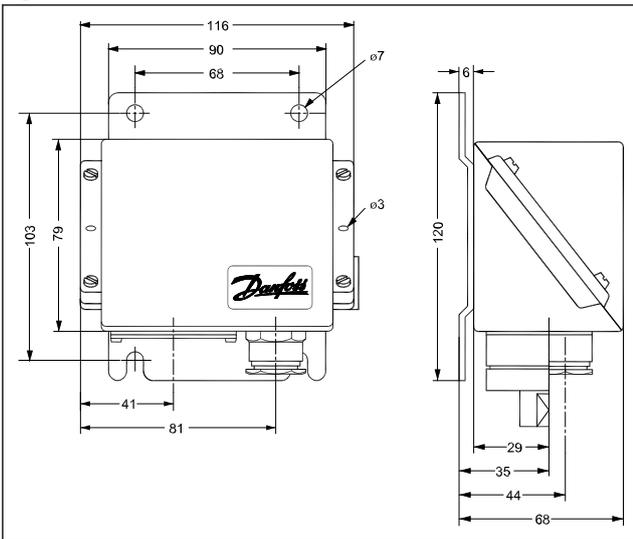
KPS pressure switches are fitted with a Pg 13.5 screwed cable entry that is suitable for cable diameters from 5 – 14 mm. Contact function is shown in [Figure 15: Contact function](#)

Figure 15: Contact function



Dimensions and weight

Figure 16: KPS



NOTE:

Net weight:

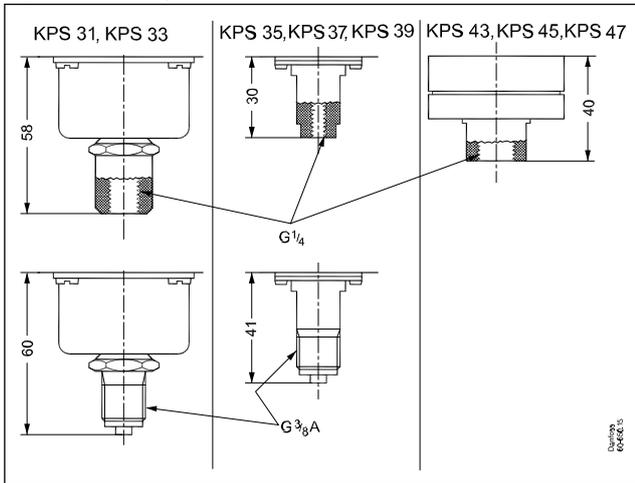
KPS 31 – 39 approx. 1.0 kg

KPS 43 – 47 approx. 1.3 kg



Pressure switch and thermostat, type KPS

Figure 17: KPS types



Thermostat

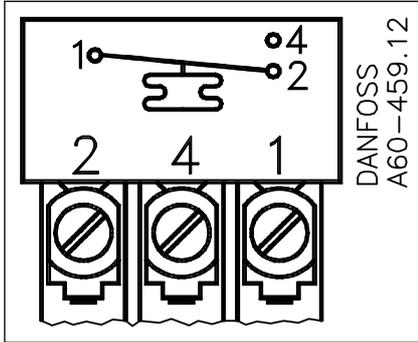
Technical data

Table 6: Technical data

Type	Setting range P_e [°C]	Mech. diff. adjust-able/ fixed [°C]	Max. sensor temp. [°C]	Suitable sensor pocket [mm]				Cap. tube length [m]	Code no.		
KPS 76	-10 – 30	3 – 10	80	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L311266	060L311366
KPS 77	20 – 60	3 – 14	130	–	75	–	–	–	060L311866	–	–
KPS 77	20 – 60	3 – 14	130	–	–	110	–	–	060L310066	–	–
KPS 77	20 – 60	3 – 14	130	–	–	–	160	–	060L313666	–	–
KPS 77	20 – 60	3 – 14	130	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L310166	060L310266
KPS 77	20 – 60	3 – 14	130	–	–	110	160	5	–	060L311966	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	–	75	–	–	–	060L312166	–	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	–	–	110	–	–	060L310366	–	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	–	–	–	160	–	060L313766	–	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L310466	060L310566
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	–	–	110	160	5	–	060L312266	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	–	–	110	160	8	–	060L312466	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	4 – 16	200	65	75	110	160	3	–	060L314366	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	75	–	–	–	060L312666	–	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	–	110	–	–	060L312766	–	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	–	–	160	–	060L313866	–	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	–	–	200	–	060L315766	–	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L312866	060L312966
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	65	75	110	160	3	–	060L315666	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	–	110	160	5	–	060L313066	–
KPS 80	70 – 120	4.5 – 18	220	–	–	110	160	8	–	060L313266	–
KPS 81	60 – 150	5 – 25	250	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L310666	060L310766
KPS 81	60 – 150	5 – 25	250	–	–	110	160	5	–	060L313466	–
KPS 81	60 – 150	5 – 25	250	–	–	110	160	8	–	060L311166	–
KPS 81	60 – 150	5 – 25	250	–	–	200	–	–	060L311066	–	–
KPS 83	100 – 200	6.5 – 30	300	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L310866	060L310966
KPS 83	100 – 200	18	300	65	75	110	160	2	–	060L313966	–



Figure 18: Electrical connection



KPS thermostats are fitted with a screwed cable entry suitable for cables from 5 – 14 mm.

Table 7: Technical data

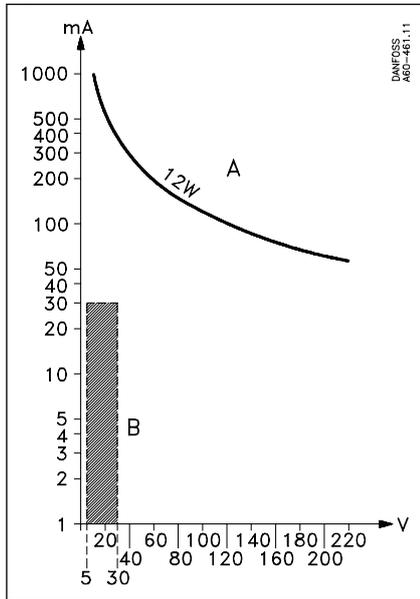
Switch	Single pole changeover (SPDT)	Contact material: Gold-plated silver contact	
Contact load (when Au surface is burnt away)	Alternating current	Ohmic	10 A, 440 V, AC-1
		Inductive	6 A, 440 V, AC-3
			4 A, 440 V, AC-15
	Direct current	Starting current max. 50 A (locked rotor)	
Ambient temperature	-40 – 70 °C		
Vibration resistance	Vibration-stable in the range 2 – 30 Hz, amplitude 1.1 mm og 30 – 300 Hz, 4 G.		
Enclosure	IP67 to EN 60529 / IEC 60529. The thermostat housing is enamelled pressure die cast aluminium (GID-AISI 12). The cover is fastened by four screws which are anchored to prevent loss. The enclosure can be sealed with fuse wire.		
Cable entry	Cable diameters from 5 – 14 mm.		
Identification	The type designation and code no. of the unit is stamped in the side of the housing.		

Table 8: Types

Types	Scale accuracy ⁽¹⁾ [°C]	Snap point variation after 400 000 operations [°C]
KPS 76	±3	max. drift 2
KPS 77	±3	max. drift 2
KPS 79	±3	max. drift 2
KPS 80	±3	max. drift 2
KPS 81	±6	max. drift 2
KPS 83	±6	max. drift 2

⁽¹⁾ Scale values are indicative only. Results given in table are measured in laboratory conditions for factory set values (scale center). The scale accuracy for min and max positions could differ significantly. There are many factors which could influence on product working and scale accuracy.

Figure 19: Direct current (DC) -load



Curve A gives the maximum load

Hatched area B Acceptable load for the gold plating of the contact

Installation

Installation

Location of unit: KPS thermostats are designed to withstand the shocks that occur, e.g. in ships, on compressors and in large machine installations. KPS thermostats with remote sensor are fitted with a base of 3 mm steel plate for fixing to bulkheads, etc. KPS thermostats with bulb sensor are self-supporting from the sensor pocket.

Resistance to media

Material specifications for sensor pockets

Sensor pocket, brass

The tube is made of Ms 72 to DIN 17660, the threaded portion of So Ms 58Pb to DIN 17661.

Sensor pocket, stainless steel

18/8 Material designation 1.4305 to DIN 17440.

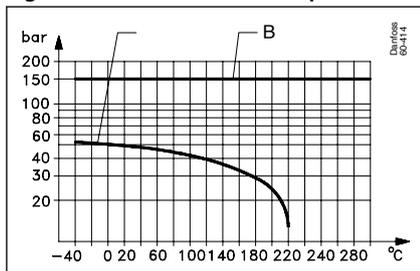
Sensor position

As far as possible the sensor should be positioned so that its longitudinal axis is at right angles to the direction of flow. The active part of the sensor is $\varnothing 13$ mm \times 50 mm long on thermostats with rigid sensors and 2 m capillary tube. The active length on the other thermostats is 70 mm (5 m and 8 m capillary tubes).

The medium

The fastest reaction is obtained from a medium having high specific heat and high thermal conductivity. It is therefore advantageous to use a medium that fulfills these conditions (provided there is a choice). Flow velocity of the medium is also of significance. (The optimum flow velocity for liquids is about 0.3 m/s).

Figure 20: Permissible media pressure on the sensor pocket as a function of temperature



A Brass

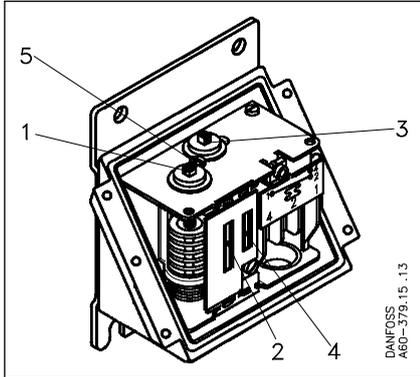
B Stainless steel



Setting

When the thermostat cover is removed, and the locking screw is loosened, the range can be set with the spindle (1) while at the same time the scale (2) is being read. In units having an adjustable differential, the spindle (3) can be used while the scale (4) is being read.

Figure 21: KPS



1	Range spindle
2	Range scale
3	Differential spindle
4	Differential scale
5	Locking screw

Scale correction

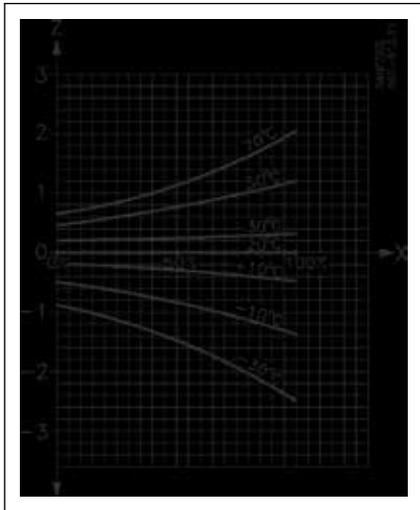
The sensor on KPS thermostats contains an adsorption charge. Therefore function is not affected whether the sensor is placed warmer or colder than the remaining part of the thermostatic element (bellows and capillary tube). However, such a charge is to some extent sensitive to changes in the temperature and bellows and capillary tube. Under normal conditions this is of no importance, but if the temperature control is to be used in extreme ambient temperatures there will be a scale deviation.

The deviation can be compensated for as follows:

$$\text{Scale correction} = Z \times a$$

Z can be found from Figure 22, while a is the correction factor from the table below.

Figure 22: Scale



Z	Factor for setting point deviation
X	Relative scale setting in [%]

Table 9: Correction factor for thermostats

Type	Regulation range [°C]	Correction factor for thermostats		
		with rigid sensor	with 2 and 5 m cap. tube	with 8 m cap. tube
KPS 76	-10 – 30	–	1.1	–
KPS 77	20 – 60	1.0	1.4	–
KPS 79	50 – 100	1.5	2.2	2.9
KPS 80	70 – 120	1.7	2.4	3.1
KPS 81	60 – 150	–	3.7	–
KPS 83	100 – 200	–	6.2	–

Examples

Example 1



Pressure switch and thermostat, type KPS

A diesel engine with cooling water temperature of 85 °C (normal). An alarm must be triggered if the cooling water temperature exceeds 95 °C. Choose a KPS 80 thermostat (range 70 – 120 °C). Main spindle setting: 95 °C. Differential spindle setting: 5 °C. The required alarm function is obtained by connecting to thermostat terminals 1–4. After the system has been in operation, assess the operating differential and make a correction if necessary.

Example 2

Find the necessary scale correction for a KPS 80 set at 95 °C in 50 °C ambient temperature. The relative scale setting Z can be calculated from the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{Setting value} - \text{min. scale value}}{\text{max. scale value} - \text{min. scale value}} \times 100 = \%$$

$$\text{Relative scale setting: } \frac{95 - 70}{120 - 70} \times 100 = 50\%$$

Factor for scale deviation Z (Figure 22), $Z \approx 0.7$

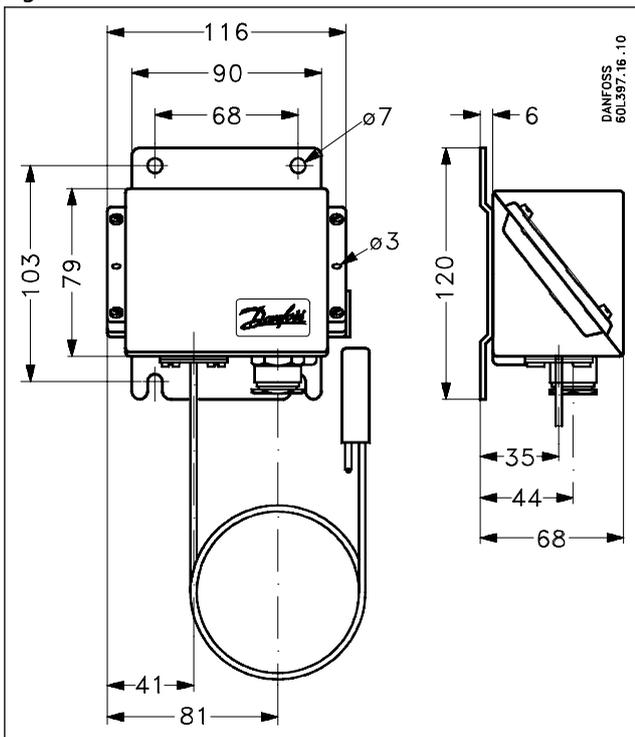
Correction factor a (Table 9: Correction factor for thermostats) = 2.4

Scale correction = $Z \times a = 0.7 \times 2.4 = 1.7 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

The KPS must be set at $95 + 1.7 = 96.7 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Dimensions and weight

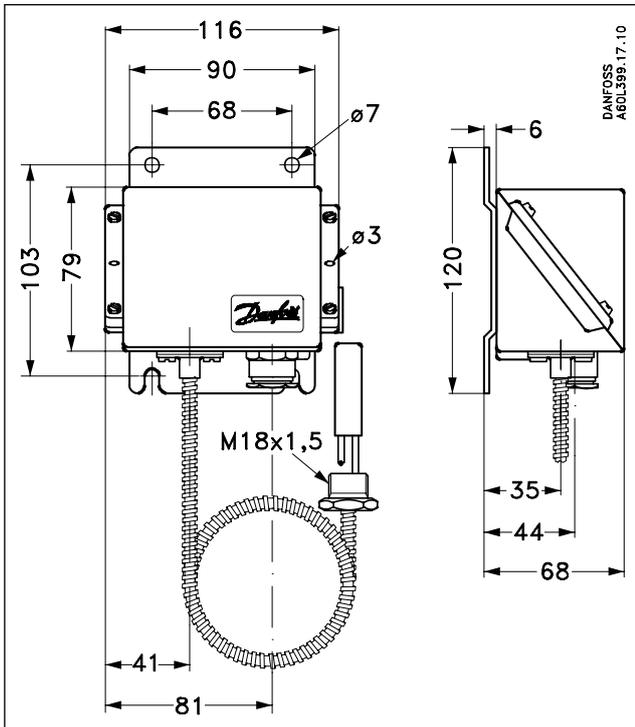
Figure 23: KPS with remote sensor



Net weight: ca 1.2 kg (incl. 2 m capillary tube)

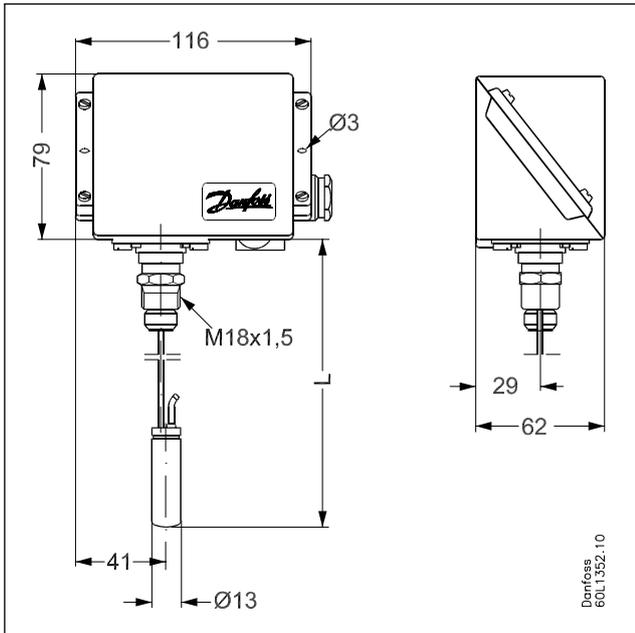


Figure 24: KPS with remote sensor and armoured capillary tube



Net weight: ca 1.4 kg (incl. 2 m capillary tube)

Figure 25: KPS with rigid sensor



Net weight: ca 1.0 kg

Table 10: Sensor pocket

Sensor pocket length "A"	Sensor length "L"
75	105
110	138
160	190
200	230

Ordering

Accessories for pressure switch

Table 11: Accessories

Part	Figure	Description	Code no.
Connector with nipple		G 3/8 connector, nipple and washer (10 mm o.d. x 6.5 mm i.d.) for brazing	017-436866
Connector with nipple		G 3/8 connector, nipple and washer (10 mm o.d. x 6.5 mm i.d.) for welding	017-422966
Reducer		G 3/8 x 7/16 - 20 UNF (1/4 flare) reduction with washer	017-420566
Adapter		G 3/8 x 1/8 - 27 NPT with washer	060-333466
Nipple		G 3/8 o.d x 7/16 - 20 UNF (1/4 flare)	060-324066
Nipple		G 3/8 A - 1/4 NPT with washer	060-333566
Adapter		G 3/8 x 1/4 - 18 NPT with washer	060-333666
Nipple		G 1/4 A x G 3/8 A G 1/4 A x o.d. M10 x 1 with washer	060-333266 060-333866
Damping coil		Damping coil with 1/4 flare connectors and 1 m copper capillary tube. Damping coils used for applications with 3/8 RG connector requires the use of reducer. For informations about capillary tube lengths, please contact Danfoss.	060-017166
Damping coil		Damping coil with G 3/8 connectors and 1.5 m copper capillary tube	060-104766
Armoured damping coil		Damping coil with G 3/8 connectors and 1 m armoured copper capillary tube. Standard washers included.	060-333366



Accessories for thermostat

Figure 26: Sensor pocket. Supplied without gland nut, gaskets and washer

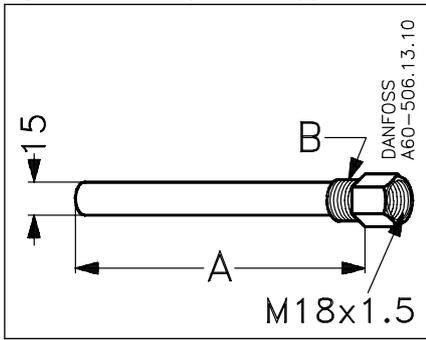


Table 12: Sensor pockets

Brass sensor pocket			Steel 18/8 sensor pocket		
A [mm]	B Thread	Code no.	A [mm]	B Thread	Code no.
65	½ NPT	060L326566	-	-	-
75	½ NPT	060L326466	75	G ½ A	060L326766
75	G ½ A	060L326266	-	-	-
75	G ¾ A	060L326666	-	-	-
75	G ½ A	060L328166	-	-	-
110	½ NPT	060L328066	110	G ½ A	060L326866
110	G ½ A	060L327166	110	½ NPT	060L327066
110	G ½ A	-	-	-	-
110	G ¾ A	060L340366	-	-	-
160	G ½ A	060L326366	160	G ½ A	060L326966
200	G ½ A	060L320666	-	-	-
200	G ½ A	060L340866	-	-	-
250	G ½ A	060L325466	-	-	-
330	G ½ A	060L325566	-	-	-

Table 13: Accessories

Part	Figure	Description	Code no.
Clamping band		For KPS thermostats with remote sensor (L = 392 mm)	017-420466
Heat-conductive compound (4.5 cm ² tube)		For KPS thermostats with sensor fitted in a sensor pocket. Compound for filling sensor pocket to improve heat transfer between pocket and sensor. Application range for compound: between pocket and sensor. Application range for compound: -20 – 150 °C, momentarily up to 220 °C.	041E0115
Gasket set		For KPS thermostats without armoured capillary tubes	060L327366
Gasket set		For KPS thermostats with armoured capillary tubes	060L036666



Certificates, declarations and approvals

The list contains all certificates, declarations, and approvals for this product type. Individual code number may have some or all of these approvals, and certain local approvals may not appear on the list.

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- China Compulsory Certificate, CCC
- American Bureau of Shipping, ABS
- Det Norske Veritas, DNV
- Germanischer Lloyd, GL
- Registro Italiano Navale, RINA (KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47, KPS 76, KPS 77, KPS 79, KPS 80, KPS 81, KPS 83)
- Maritime Register of Shipping, RMRS
- Nippon Kaiji Kyokai, NKK (KPS 31, KPS 33, KPS 35, KPS 37, KPS 39, KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47)
- China Classification Society, CCS
- Bureau Veritas, BV
- Korean Register of Shipping, KR (KPS 35, KPS 37, KPS 39, KPS 43, KPS 45, KPS 47)
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